Date issued	lssued by	Gazette No.	GoN No.	Title/Name of Regulation/ Directions	Summary of Regulations	Repeal	Annexures-Title of Annexures
30 /04/2020	Minister Dlamini- Zuma COGTA	G 43261	482	Disaster Management Act (57/2002): Directions issued in terms of Regulation Section 27 (2) (f) of the Act	The directions regulate the once -off movement of persons who were not at their place of residence or work before the lockdown period and who could not travel between provinces, metropolitan and district areas during the lockdown. Such persons are, in terms of regulation 16(5), permitted on a once - off basis, to return to their places of residence or work. The provision will permit this once-off movement during the period 1 May 2020 to 7 May 2020. It is not required of such persons to produce a permit in order to cross provincial, metropolitan or district boundaries during such once -off trip.		NONE
29/04/2020	Minister Dlamini- Zuma COGTA	G 43258	480	Disaster Management Act (57/2002): Regulations issued in Terms of Section 27 (2) of the Act	The Regulations mandates the Minister for Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs, upon the recommendation of the Minister for Health and in consultation with Cabinet, to declare the applicable alert levels, and the extent to which they apply at a national, provincial, metropolitan or district level, as follows: (a) 'Alert Level 1' as determined by Cabinet; (b) 'Alert Level 2' as determined by Cabinet; (c) 'Alert Level 3' as determined by Cabinet; (d) 'Alert Level 3' as determined by Cabinet; (d) 'Alert Level 4' as determined by Cabinet; The Regulations mandates the Minister for Health to issue directions on the criteria that will guide the determination of alert levels. The Regulations provide for general measures to contain the spread of Covid 19, as follows: 1) Every person is obliged to wear a cloth face mask or a	Repeals the regulations published by Government Notice No. 318 of 18 March 2020, as amended by Government Notice Nos. R. 398 of 25 March 2020, R.419 of 26 March 2020, R. 446 of 2 April 2020. R. 465 of 16 April 2020 and R.	Table 1 - Alert level4 Permissions andProhibitions;ANNEXURE A:Forms:1. Magistrates' CourtOrder for a person togo to a site ofisolation, quarantinefacility, or for aperson to go formedical examination2. Permit to performan essential orpermitted service3. Permit for themovement of

homemade item that covers the	471 of 20 April	children to travel to
nose and mouth when in a public place;	2020.	another province,
2) No person will be allowed to use public transport or enter a		metropolitan area or
public space or premises if they do not wear a cloth face mask		district
or a homemade item that covers the nose and mouth;		4. Permit to travel to
3) Employers are obliged to provide every employee who may		another province,
come into direct contact with members of the public as part of		metropolitan area or
their duties with a cloth face mask to cover his or her nose and		district for a funeral
mouth;		5. Sworn affidavit by
4) Every business premises, including, but not limited to a		person who wishes
supermarket, shop, grocery store, retail store, wholesale		to attend a funeral in
produce market or pharmacy is obliged to establish measures		another province
to ensure social distancing (1.5 m), including instituting access		metropolitan area or
and crowd control measures within and outside of their stores;		district;
providing hand sanitisers for use by employees and customers		ANNEXURE B:
at the entrances of the premises;		Essential goods for
5) All employers must adopt measures to promote physical		import;
distancing of employees, including-		ANNEXURE C:
(a) enabling employees to work from home or minimising the		Permitted goods for
need for employees to be physically present at the workplace:		export;
(b) the provision for adequate space;		ANNEXURE D:
(c) restrictions on face to face meetings:		Essential services;
(d) special measures for higher risk employees with known or		ANNEXURE E:
disclosed health issues or comorbidities;		Workplace plans
(e) special measures for employees above the age of 60 who		
are at a higher risk of complications or death if they are		
infected with COVID-19.		
The Regulations further prohibit refusal of medical		
examination, prophylaxis, treatment, isolation and quarantine		
by any person who has been clinically confirmed as having		
contracted COVID -19, or who is suspected of having		

contracted COVID -19; or who has been in contact with a
person who is a carrier of COVID -19; and provides for the
mandatory subjection of that person to a medical examination
and quarantine for a period not exceeding 48 hours, pending a
warrant being issued by a competent Court, on application by
an enforcement officer for the medical examination.
The Regulations provide for the mandatory compliance with
an instruction or direction from a medical practitioner by any
person who is on reasonable grounds suspected to be infected
or contaminated with COVID -19, to be screened; to
voluntarily travel or be taken to a health establishment or
any other place for purposes of isolation or quarantine; or to
quarantine himself or herself in accordance with the
instructions of such medical practitioner or person authorised
by him or her, or a nurse, pending the determination of his or
her COVID -19 status, as a precautionary measure to contain
the transmission of COVID-19. A Magistrate may make an
order to compel such a person to quarantine himself or
herself, or to travel to such site of isolation, quarantined
facility, or to subject himself or herself to medical screening.
The regulations further provide for the establishment of a
database, systems, procedures and required content for
contact tracing by the national Health department, and for the
confidentiality, obtainment, interception, handling and
destruction of information in the database, including that such
information may only be obtained in relation to the location or
movements of persons during the period 5 March 2020 to the
date on which the national state of disaster has lapsed or has
been terminated.
The Regulations provide for the release of resources by organs
of and institutions within national, provincial and local

government, other than funding, for the implementation of the
regulations and directions.
The Regulations provide for the identification of temporary
shelters for homeless people; and temporary sites for
quarantine and self -isolation that comply with required
adequate spacing standards and health guidelines & protocols,
by the State during national state of disaster.
The regulations provide for Emergency Procurement
Procedures; the Resolution of Disputes involving State Parties
through Alternative Dispute Resolution; and Offences and
Penalties for Misrepresentation by any person, or the
Intentional Exposure of another person to Covid-19;
The Minister for Cooperative Governance and Traditional
Affairs declares that <u>Alert Level 4</u> will be applicable from 1
May 2020 in the Republic of South Africa and will remain in
force up to the declaration of different Alert Levels for the
duration of the national state of disaster. The following rules
are effected:
Limitations on the Movement of persons: Confinement of a
person to their place of residence from 20H00 05H00 daily,
except where a person has been granted a permit to perform
an essential or permitted service as listed in Annexure D, or is
attending to a security or medical emergency; Exceptions
further only in relation to -
(a) performance of an essential or permitted service, is
allowed;
(b) going to work where a permit which corresponds with
Form 2 of Annexure A, has been issued, is allowed;
(c) buying permitted goods is allowed;
(d) obtaining services that are allowed to operate as set out in
Table 1 to the Regulations is allowed;

 (e) moving children between co-holders of parental responsibilities and rights or a caregiver is allowed; (f) walking, running or cycling between the hours of 06H00 to 09H00, within a five kilometre radius of their place of residence: Provided that this is not done in organised groups; Movement between provinces, metropolitan areas and districts is prohibited with certain exceptions; Attendance of funerals of certain relations and under certain conditions is permitted; Evictions are prohibited; The Closure of Borders remain in place; Rail, ocean, air and road transport is permitted for the movement of cargo to other countries and within the country is permitted for certain goods; Gatherings are banned with permitted exceptions; Public spaces and premises used for religious, cultural, sporting, entertainment, recreational, exhibitional, organisational or similar activities remain closed to the public; Visits to Correctional, Detention and Health centres are allowed, subject to directions; The sale, dispensing or transportation of liquor is prohibited; The sale of tobacco products, e- cigarettes and related products is prohibited; Certain businesses, economic sectors and entities may commence operations, subject to required social distancing, health and hygiene and control measures; Energy and petroleum products supply will continue.

	Table 1 under alert level 4 permits persons and industries mentioned in that list to perform work outside the home, and to travel to and from work, under alert level 4, subject to:- a) Strict health protocols and social distancing rules; b) Return to work to be phased in to enable measures to make the workplace COVID ready; and c) Return to work to be done in a manner that avoids and reduces risks of infections. Listing of the Permissions and Prohibitions PART A: Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing PART B: Electricity, Gas and Water Supply PART C: Manufacturing Part D: Construction and Related Services (Inc. Trades Persons) PART F: Wholesale and Retail Trade, Covering stores, Spaza Shops, E-commerce and Informal Traders PART F: Information and Communication Services PART H: Financial and Business Services PART I: Accommodation and Food Service Activities Permitted PART J: Transport, Storage and Communication Services PART K: Mining and Quarrying	
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					 PART L: Repair and Emergency Services Permitted PART M: Supply Chains PART N: Private Households' Employment PART O: Public Administration, Government Services and Other Arms of the State PART P: Health, Social and Personal Services PART Q: Education Services 		
29/04/2020	Minister of Employ ment and Labour: Mr T.W Nxesi	G43257	479	Disaster Management Act (57/2002): Directives issued in terms of Regulation 10(8) of regulations issued by the Minister of COGTA in terms of section 27(2) of (Act 57/2002)	The purpose of these directives is to stipulate measures that must be taken by employers in order to protect the health and safety of workers and members of the public who enter their workplaces or are exposed to their working activities; These directives seeks to ensure that measures taken by employers under Occupational Health and Safety Act 1993,(Act 85 of 1993) "(OHSA)" are consistent with the overall national strategies and policies to minimise the spread of covid-19; The OHSA read with its regulations and incorporated standards, requires the employer to provide and maintain as far as is reasonably practicable a working environment that is safe and without risk to the health of workers and to take such steps as may be reasonably practicable to eliminate or mitigate the hazard or potential hazard; The OHSA, further requires employers, to ensure, as far as is reasonably practicable, that all persons who may be directly affected by their activities (such as customers, client or contractors and their workers who enter their workplace or	Disaster Management Act (57/2002): Amendment and corrections of directives by the Minister of Employment and Labour in terms of regulation 10(8) of the regulations issued by the Minister of COGTA in terms of section 27(2) of the Act (R. 486 published under GG 43265	ANNEXURE A; Sectoral Guidelines Template

come into contact with their employees) are not exposed to	dated 4 May
hazards to their health or safety. This obligations also applies	2020)
to self-employed persons (for example, plumbers or	
electricians) whose working activities bring them into contact	
with members of the public	
For the purposes of OHSA in the workplaces to which this	
directive applies, the identifiable hazard relating to COVID-19	
that workers face is the transmission by an infected person to	
workers in the workplace. In workplaces to which the public	
has access, the hazard includes transmission of the virus by	
members of the public. Each situation requires special	
measures to be implemented by employers in order to prevent	
the transmission of the virus.	
Although OHSA requires employers to review and update the	
risk assessment on a regular basis, the new hazard posed by	
COVID-19 is clearly identifiable and the basic measures to	
eliminate or minimise the risk are now well known. The object	
of conducting or updating a risk assessment in respect of	
COVID-19 is to provide specific focus on COVID-19 and adapt	
the measures required by these directives to specific working	
environments taking into account the Risk Assessment Guides	
published online by the National Department of Health;	
This directive is based on infection transmission, prevention	
and specific occupational hygiene practices that focus on the	
need for employers to implement measures to mitigate or	
eliminate the transmission of the virus in the workplace;	

measu	rective recognises that there are sector specific res that need to be taken into account and accordingly es for sector guidelines to supplement this directive;	
employ implen	rective does not reduce the existing obligations of the yer in terms of OHSA nor prevent an employer from nenting more stringent measures in order to prevent the of the virus.	