ANNUAL REPORT



Maitland City Improvement District NPC

Annual Report and Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2022

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PART D: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

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PART A: GENERAL INFORMATION

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Company: Maitland City Improvement District NPC (MAITCID)

Company Reg No: 2010/014354/08

Registered Office: 185 Voortrekker Road, Maitland

VAT number: 4420256416

MAITLAND CID Board:

Shaun Reznik (Chairperson) - Blue Buck Projects
Vuyo Mthi - Blue Buck Projects

Martin Le Roux - The Le Roux Property Trust

Auditors: C2M

Accountant: Nicolene Cooke Accounting Services

Company Secretarial Duties: C2M

MAITCID Management: Geocentric Urban Management

No 2 12th Street Elsies River Industrial

7490

info@geocentric.co.za

021 565 0901

MAITCID Manager: Darren de Klerk

Public Safety Service: Byers Security Solutions

Contact Details: CID Manager darren@geocentric.co.za

Control Room 021 565 0900

Email enquiries@maitcid.co.za Website www.maitcid.co.za

2. LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

MAITCID Maitland City Improvement District

CEO Chief Executive Officer

CFO Chief Financial Officer

CCT City of Cape Town

KPI Key Performance Indicators

SCM Supply Chain Management

3. FOREWORD BY THE CHAIRPERSON

Although 2022 did bring its own normality after the Covid lockdown waves, conditions remained difficult with the continuous loadshedding challenges and the significant increase in the cost of living. The drive to fulfill the mandate for a sustainable and inclusionary precinct saw the Maitland City Improvement District (MAITCID) board and management team remain steadfast in our commitment to providing high-quality top-up services in Maitland. Embracing and implementing adaptability into our vision now seems entrenched in our day-to-day operations as well as our strategic thinking.

Our strategic objectives for 2022 included improving public safety, public cleanliness, and supporting law enforcement activities improve MAITCID as a preferred mixed-use destination for businesses, residents, and real estate investors. During the year, we spent R 410 000 on cleaning, R 2 468 372 on public safety and law enforcement, including CCTV monitoring. This represents 76% of the budget. We remain encouraged by the plans from the City of Cape Town on future projects such as the Public Transport Interchange Upgrade, the MyCiti bus route and the improvement of the Voortrekker Road Corridor.

During 2021/22 we made additional investments by integrating technological interventions to increase public safety through our CCTV camera rollout. We installed 3 additional CCTV cameras and maintained our ageing fleet of existing cameras as far as possible. The network increases the effectiveness of law enforcement personnel and public safety officers dramatically as it shortens their reaction time to incidents, minimizes false reporting and increases arrest and prosecution rates. With a significant return of retained income from the City of Cape Town in 2022 we aim to renewing our older CCTV cameras and further enhancing our network to improve safety and security in the precinct.

Our progress is only possible when we work in partnership with all the different role players, therefore we thank all our partners for taking our hand throughout the year.

To our partners at the City of Cape Town, SAPS, and our service providers Byers Security - your efforts are the foundation upon which we build a better inclusionary place for all. We thank you sincerely for your persistence, professionalism, and resilience. All of this could not have been possible without the excellent day to day and night after night commitment of our Geocentric management team. Your passionate service in Maitland is greatly appreciated.

Lastly to our board members, a sincere word of thanks for your time and valuable contributions over the year.

Shuan Reznik – Maitland CID Chairperson

4. MAITLAND CITY IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT MANAGEMENT OVERVIEW

The aspiration to effectively deliver within a stable operational environment for 2022 quickly faded as our country and communities faced the impeding challenges brought on by yet another global conflict. The subsequent impact created by this international conflict led to the rise in energy and other costs. Simultaneously the domestic impact of continued load shedding not only challenged the cost of operations, but it also created and increased the socio-economic pressure on the most vulnerable people in our communities.

Addressing the continued and relentless attack on public infrastructure along our railway corridors, electricity substations, public transport facilities and even private property, we were compelled to adapt our public safety strategy. Using technology to improve our detection and subsequent response to these incidents has proven effective in most cases. The significant escalation in fuel costs prompted our strategic move to use more technologically efficient based solutions. Artificial Intelligence enabled cameras now serve to reduce patrol kilometers and allow us to focus on the right solution, at the right place, throughout the precinct. This strategic realignment has further supported our work with the installation of two more CCTV cameras and the plan to expand this in the current and new financial year.

Our primary focus is always on how we can adapt to the ever-changing circumstances and continue to optimally deliver our valuable services to the Maitland community. This year saw us working closer than ever with the City of Cape Town, our Ward Councillor and Sub-Council Manager to continually address and solve public needs through our operations. One of these key focal points requiring effective solutions is the ongoing concern surrounding problem buildings within our precinct. Our systematic approach of addressing these issues together with our partners in the City of Cape Town have proven to bear promising results, although this project is in its infancy.

Having a clean, safe, and welcoming environment is essential to attracting new investments into the Maitland City Improvement District. We positively augmented these top-up services with an effort to enhance the aesthetic appeal of the public space with additional potted gardens and public benches.

To our primary stakeholders, the property owners, we thank you for your unwavering support. The relentless onslaught of economic and financial challenges has not prevented you from continuing your investment in the Maitland area. Our commitment to improve the Maitland precinct remains steadfast and firm.

Gene Lohrentz - CEO – Geocentric Urban Management- Management Company - Maitland CID

5. STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY AND CONFIRMATION OF ACCURACY OF THE ANNUAL REPORT

We confirm that, to the best of our knowledge:

- All information and amounts disclosed in the annual report are consistent with the annual financial statements audited by C2M Auditors.
- The directors consider the annual report, taken as a whole, to be accurate, fair, balanced, and free of material omissions.
- The Financial Statements, prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, and financial position of the company.
- The external auditors have been engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements.

Approved by the board on 19 September 2022 and signed on behalf by:

Shaun Reznik
Chairperson of the Board
19 September 2022

6. STRATEGIC OVERVIEW

6.1. Vision

The Maitland City Improvement District (MAITCID) was formally established in 2010 providing top up public safety and urban cleaning services in close cooperation with the City's Cleansing and Law Enforcement Departments as well as the SAPS to regain the cleanliness of the area and safety of property and business owners and the community.

Maitland is situated along several important transport networks connecting the Cape Town city bowl to the rest of the city. The most important being the railway line that runs through the middle of the suburb and the N1 freeway that is situated on its northern boundary. The location is further enhanced by its proximity to the M5 arterial, the N2 and the Cape Town International Airport. It is surrounded by other commercial and industrial nodes such as Ndabeni, Paarden Island and Epping. Notwithstanding this prime location the Maitland business and property owners constantly find themselves at a crossroads. On the one hand, the area experienced a degree of investment, while on the other, it suffers service-related problems, densification and congestion which not only seriously threatened the success of the area, but has the potential to impact negatively on businesses and investments as the area and may lead to urban degeneration.

Maitland is also situated adjacent to areas undergoing regeneration, such as Woodstock and Salt River. It therefore experiences overspill developments. Its proximity to markets, its concentration of labour, and the existence of economic infrastructure makes this an area with the potential for strong economic growth. Maitland is also part of the Voortrekker Road Corridor and lies within the Voortrekker Road Corridor Integration Zone (VRC IZ). "The vision for the VRC IZ is "The VRC IZ with its abundant job opportunities, high quality public transport connectivity, extensive social facilities and diverse residential options offers a wealth of opportunities for residents, visitors and neighbours seeking a vibrant and affordable urban experience." Within the VRC IZ, Maitland forms one of the Prioritised Local Areas of the City of Cape Town envisaged to provide urban planning interventions to support the potential of the area.

It is our vision to establish and maintain a safe, clean, well-managed Central Business District that attracts and retains business investment and activities in the area.

6.2. Mission

Our mission is to continue the implementation of our turn-around strategy to halt the urban degeneration of the area and create a safe and attractive business district. Our strategy for promoting that vision is detailed in our Business Plan, available online at www.maitcid.co.za

6.3. Our Goals

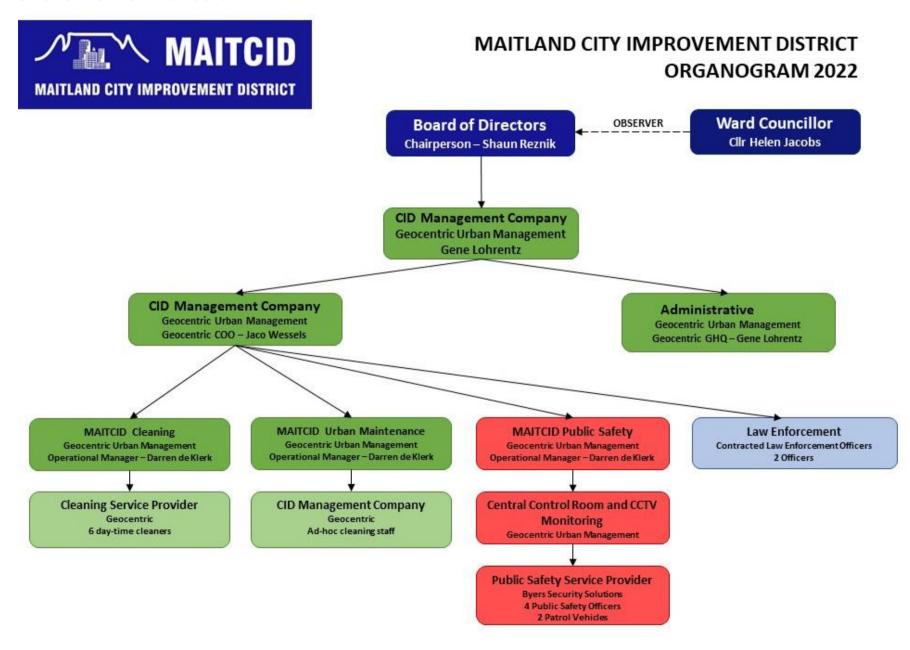
- Improve Public Safety significantly by proactive visible patrolling and cooperation with existing SAPS and City of Cape Town Law Enforcement efforts as well as other security service providers in the area.
- Creating a safe and clean public environment by addressing issues of maintenance and cleaning of streets, pavements and public spaces.
- Manage existing and new public infrastructure for the future benefit of all the users of the area.
- Protect property values.
- Attract new investment to the area.

- Support and promote social responsibility in the area
- The sustained and effective management of the MAITCID area.

7. STATUTORY MANDATE

In terms of the CID By-law and s.22 of the Municipal Property Rates Act, the Maitland City Improvement District NPC is tasked with considering, developing and implementing improvements and upgrades to the Maitland City Improvement District area to supplement services provided by the CCT. The funding comes from additional rates collected by the CCT from CID property owners and paid over to the company under the aforesaid legislation and may be supplemented by local fundraising initiatives. In expending these funds, the company is subject to oversight by the CCT in terms of the CID By-law and Policy, as well as public procurement principles enshrined in s. 217 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (the "Constitution").

8. ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE



9. MEET YOUR TEAM

Geocentric Urban Management Team





Gene Lohrentz

Chief Executive Officer

- · Company enquiries
- Proposals
- Community groups and liaison

Micaela Bester

Personal Assistant

- Admin enquiries
- Meeting requests

Jaco Wessels

Chief Operating Officer

- · Operational enquiries
- · Control Room issues
- Collaboration requests
- · CCTV enquiries

Wejaen Viljoen

Admin & Information Manager

- Admin enquiries
- Reports
- · AGM enquiries
- · Board Meeting enquiries
- · HR enquiries

Clifford Oostendorp De Wet Beck

CID Manager

· Day-to-day Operations

Contact Details

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For emergencies contact our 24 hour Control Room on 021 565 0900 or info@geocentric.co.za or visit our website geocentric.co.za

Join our community WhatsApp group for realtime updates by sending a message with your name, surname, business name and business street address to +27 81 869 8911

PART B: PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

1. SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS

1.1. Service delivery environment

Through the efforts of the MAITCID the area has been upgraded and maintained. The MAITCID successfully achieved the support of its members to extend its term for an additional five years. During this term the MAITCID is positioning itself to address the significant impact of large volumes of commuters in the CBD area and the associated potential for urban decay, traffic congestion, littering and increased opportunities for crime that may impact the entire area. In the light of these challenges MAITCID aims to continue to enhance the area and work closely with the City of Cape Town.

The envisage upgrade of Voortrekker Road and the planning of the MyCity Bus Route and Transport Interchange at Maitland Station supports the growth and development envisaged for Maitland.

1.2. Organisational environment

In this year, most of the day-to-day activities such as meetings, Board meetings, contact with community organisations and engagements with the City of Cape Town continued as planned and scheduled.

2. STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

Strategically, the MAITCID works in partnership with the City of Cape Town and the property and business owners towards the economic upliftment of the area by maintaining a level of safety and cleanliness to promote the use of and investment in the area. This is achieved through:

- Improved Public Safety through proactive visible patrolling and cooperation with existing SAPS and City of Cape Town Law Enforcement efforts as well as other security service providers in the area.
- Creating a safe and clean public environment by addressing issues of maintenance and cleaning of streets, pavements and public spaces.
- Manage existing and new public infrastructure for the future benefit of all the users of the area.
- Attract new investment to the area.
- Support and promote social responsibility in the area

3. Complaints Process

The MAITCID offers numerous channels for dealing with complaints. Formal complaints are lodged to the MAITCID management via email. The MAITCID management will act on the complaint including one or more of the following actions:

- Referring serious complaints to the COO and CEO of the management company and/or the Board
- Meeting with the complainant to understand the problem and address the issue
- Scheduling the necessary tasks or actions to resolve the matter by the MAITCID team
- Logging a service request with the City of Cape Town
- Communicating with the complainant on the actions taken

- Follow-up process and communication with the complainant until the matter is resolved
- Complaints are also received via website contact messages, email replies to newsletters and feedback via various social media platforms including dedicated WhatsApp groups which are monitored via the central control room.
- Telephonic complaints are also dealt with via the operational managers, or the central control room and the central control room number is visible on all patrol vehicles.

Most of the complaints relate to crime incidents or perceived criminal activity or relates to illegal dumping and broken infrastructure. Unless immediate response is required, safety and crime incidents are dealt with through our monthly meetings with the SAPS or through the adjustment of our public safety deployment plans. Illegal dumping is either cleared by the MAITCID cleaning team as soon as possible or if necessary, a service request is logged with the City of Cape Town and followed up until completed.

4. PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

4.1. PUBLIC SAFETY

- 4.1.1. To improve safety and security the MAITCID developed a comprehensive and integrated public safety plan for the area in conjunction with an appointed service provider. These actions include coordination and cooperation with:
 - The South African Police Service
 - Local Community Policing Forums
 - Other existing security services in the area
 - City of Cape Town Safety and Security Directorate
 - Community organisations
 - Other stakeholders
- 4.1.2. The MAITCID initiative and the inherent security situation of the area require the deployment of public safety patrol officers to adequately secure the public areas. Such a deployment can be expensive to implement and therefore the focus of the public safety plan is on roaming vehicles and foot patrols with the highest number of resources deployed during day-time operations between 06:30 and 17:30 when most businesses are operational in the area. Considering the contributions from other stakeholders such as the SAPS and safety and security efforts from the City of Cape Town the following public safety and security plan is proposed for the MAITCID.
- 4.1.3. This plan involves the deployment of Public Safety Patrol Officers (similar to the concept of Neighbourhood Safety Ambassadors) and public CCTV surveillance system to provide a reassuring presence on streets 7 days a week.
- 4.1.4. The public safety patrol officers are brightly uniformed ambassadors that help to maintain an inviting and comfortable experience by serving as additional "eyes and ears" for local law enforcement agencies. They are the face of the area. Typically, they get to know their neighbourhood and community very well and often serve as a first point of contact for emergency needs, help law enforcement to maintain order and provide an additional deterrent to crime through their consistent coverage and visibility. Public Safety Patrol Officers are equipped with two-way radios and walk or patrol the area at key times of the day. They become an integral

part of general law enforcement, often being the ones to identify public safety issues and form an extension of the SAPS and the local authority law enforcement. A small group of well-trained public safety patrol officers have proven to be very successful in securing an area through active engagement with all people in the precinct. Additional training of patrol officers is required to become knowledgeable on issues such as public safety and reporting, first aid and first-responder training, communication skills and homeless outreach services. Beyond basic training the Public Safety Patrol Officers develop a keen awareness and information of specific neighbourhood safety issues including drug trade, gang presence, poverty, social issues, criminal activity, and behaviour. If required patrol officers also provide walking escorts to people entering businesses early or staff leaving work late or elderly and vulnerable people feeling insecure.

4.1.5. The public safety plan includes:

- 4 x public safety patrol officers patrolling the area on foot, Monday Friday during the daytime (06:30 17:30).
- 2 x public safety patrol vehicles patrolling the area on a 24/7 basis.
- Radio communications network.
- Centralised Control Room and CCTV monitoring
- CCTV camera network comprising of cameras and monitoring as set out in the implementation plan time scale.

4.1.6. Assistance from the City of Cape Town

- 4.1.7. The MAITCID further enhances its public safety initiative through close cooperation with the Safety and Security Directorate of the City of Cape Town to link in with their initiative to support a safer public environment. This effort is focused on utilising the services of Law Enforcement officers from the City of Cape Town in the area.
- 4.1.8. The activities of the Public Safety Officers and patrols are measured through a comprehensive management system for the logging of public safety incidents. The logging, mapping and analysis of these incident reports informs the adjustment of the public safety deployment plan for the area. The deployment plan is revised monthly.

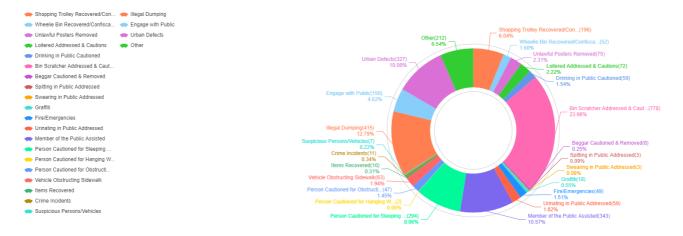
Public safety performance information

	ACTION STEPS	KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	FREQUENCY per year	Comments
1.	Identify the root causes of crime in conjunction with the SAPS, Local Authority and existing Public Safety service using their experience as well as available crime and public safety incident statistics.	Incorporate in Public Safety Management Plan	Ongoing	
2.	Determine the Crime Threat Analysis of the CID area in conjunction with the SAPS, Determine strategies by means of an integrated approach to improve public safety, identify current Public Safety and policing shortcomings and develop and implement effective public safety strategy	Incorporate in Public Safety Management Plan	Ongoing	
3.	Deploy Public Safety resources accordingly and effectively on visible patrols. Public Safety personnel and patrol vehicles to be easily identifiable	Effective Safety and Public Safety patrols in the MAITCID measured by: Daily attendance registers Incident reports Patrol vehicle tracking reports Patrol vehicle patrol logs	Ongoing	Public safety officers are inspected and posted to their patrols daily. The Public safety officer's performance are measured on a weekly basis using the incident reports submitted via the incident reporting system and the public safety WhatsApp groups.
4.	Assist the police through participation by MAITCID in the local Police sector crime forum.	Incorporate feedback and information in Public Safety and safety initiatives of the MAITCID Report on any Public Safety information of the MAITCID to the CPF	Monthly	
5.	Monitor and evaluate the Public Safety strategy and performance of all service delivery on a quarterly basis	Report findings to the MAITCID Board with recommendations where applicable	Quarterly	
6.	Deploy CCTV cameras monitored by a CCTV Control Room PROVE AND CONTINUALLY ASSESS ALIGI	Effective use of CCTV cameras through monitoring	Ongoing NEEDS OF LOCAL	L COMMUNITY

ACTION STEPS	KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	FREQUENCY per year	Comments
 Deploy Law Enforcement Officers in the MAITCID in support of the Public Safety Initiative 	Measure effectiveness through Law Enforcement Statistics	Monthly	
8. Weekly Public Safety Reports from Contract Public Safety Service Provider	Report findings to the MAITCID Board with recommendations where applicable Incident reports	Weekly	Incident reports See the Table and Graph below

ACTION STEPS	KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	FREQUENCY per year	Comments
	Patrol vehicle tracking reports Patrol vehicle patrol logs		Patrol vehicle patrol logs See the Table below
9. Identify "hot spot" areas.	Number of "hot spot" areas identified and the number of "hot spot visitation for the reporting period	Monthly	See the Table Below

Public Safety Incidents- By Category	No of Incidents
Shopping Trolley Recovered/Confiscated	196
Wheelie Bin Recovered/Confiscated	52
Unlawful Posters Removed	75
Loitered Addressed & Cautions	72
Drinking in Public Cautioned	50
Bin Scratcher Addressed & Cautioned	778
Beggar Cautioned & Removed	8
Spitting in Public Addressed	3
Swearing in Public Addressed	3
Graffiti	18
Fire/Emergencies	49
Urinating in Public Addressed	59
Member of the Public Assisted	343
Person Cautioned for Sleeping in Public Space	294
Person Cautioned for Hanging Washing in Public	2
Person Cautioned for Obstructing Sidewalk	47
Vehicle Obstructing Sidewalk	63
Items Recovered	10
Crime Incidents	11
Suspicious Persons/Vehicles	7
Illegal Dumping	415
Engage with Public	150
Urban Defects	327
Other	212
TOTAL	3244



From 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022 the two patrol vehicles logged the following number of patrol kilometres:

Patrol Vehicle 1: 48 633 km
Patrol Vehicle 2: 57 343 km

Total: 105 976 km

During the 1 July 2021 to 30 June 2022 the MAITCID identified 25 "Hot Spots" throughout the area.

A total of 3 050 "Hot Spot" visitations were completed

The most significant challenge to the public safety operations in MAITCID remains the limited resources.

4.1.9. Resource Allocation

- During the reporting period the MAITCID deployed four public safety foot patrollers and two patrol vehicles during the day-time and two public safety officers in two patrol vehicles at night during weekdays. On weekends the patrols are reduced to two patrol vehicles,
- A budget of R 2 346 772 was expended on the Public Safety deployments for the year and an additional R 138 600 was allocated for CCTV monitoring. The contracted Law Enforcement Officer contract budget was R 99 880 for the reporting period. There was an under expenditure on the Law Enforcement budget of R 8 457 due to the delayed deployment of the contracted officer at the beginning of the financial year which was addressed with the City of Cape Town.

Actual expenditure compared with the projected expenditure for (1) the financial year <u>preceding</u> the current reporting period and (2) the financial year that is the subject-matter of this annual report (referred to below as "2021/2022")

Service/ Project		2021/2022		2022/2023		
components	Projected Expenditure	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/ Under Expenditure	Projected Expenditure	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/ Under Expenditure
Public Safety	R 2 158 764	R 2 158 764	-	R 2 346 772	R 2 346 772	-
CCTV Monitoring	R 124 800	R 124 800	-	R 138 600	R 138 600	-

4.2. MAINTENANCE AND CLEANSING SERVICES

- 4.2.1. The MAITCID deployed the services of a dedicated public cleaning service to provide the "top-up" or additional cleaning services required in their area. To establish the most effective cleaning plan the strategy supports existing waste management services, identify specific management problems and areas, and assist in developing additional waste management and cleaning plans for the area.
- 4.2.2. The plan was executed by establishing a small team to:
 - Decrease waste and grime in the area through a sustainable cleaning programme.
 - Provide additional street sweeping, waste picking and additional refuse collection in all the public areas.
 - Removal of illegal posters, graffiti, and stickers from non-municipal infrastructure.
- 4.2.3. Urban infrastructure was improved by:
 - Developing and implementing a plan to identify and monitor the status of public infrastructure such as roads, pavements, streetlights, road markings and traffic signs.
 - Coordinating actions with the relevant City of Cape Town's departments to address infrastructure defects. This was done through specific liaison with departments and officials in addition to the reporting and monitoring of repairs identified by the CID Manager.
 - After a base level of repair and reinstatement was achieved the MAITCID team implemented local actions to correct minor issues.
- 4.2.4. In addition, the urban management team, in consultation with the relevant City Departments assisted with:
 - Graffiti removal from non-municipal infrastructure where possible.
 - Removal of illegal posters and pamphlets from public spaces and non-municipal infrastructure as noted in the MAITCID Implementation Plan.
 - Painting of road markings and correction of road signs.
 - Greening, tree pruning and landscaping.
 - Kerb, bollard and paving reinstatements.
 - Storm water drain cleaning where required.

- 4.2.5. The cleaning contingent deployed teams in various areas and rotated through the MAITCID. Some of the team members were recruited from homeless people seeking gainful employment and on-the-job training was provided to improve their skills and utilisation. The cleaning and urban maintenance team includes:
 - 6 x urban management workers per day. The shifts run Monday to Friday
 - 1 x urban management supervisor

Cleaning and Urban Maintenance performance information

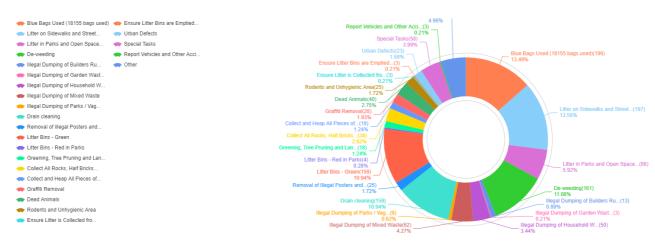
ACTION STEPS	KEY	FREQUENCY	Comments
	PERFORMANCE	per year	
	INDICATOR		
Develop cleaning strategy to guide delivery from appointed service delivery provider	Measure effectiveness through Cleaning Statistics	Monthly	
Provide (on own initiative or in collaboration with CCT) additional litter bins in public spaces.	Record and Report findings to the MAITCID Board and the CCT with recommendations where applicable	Annually	
Provide clean streets & sidewalks (i.e. cleaning of municipal bins & removing street litter).	Measure effectiveness through Cleaning Statistics	Monthly	See the Table and Graph below
Remove Illegal Dumping from Public Spaces	Measure effectiveness through Cleaning Statistics	Monthly	See the Table and Graph below
RENEWING PUBLIC SPACES			
ACTION STEPS	KEY	FREQUENCY	Comments
	PERFORMANCE	per year	
	INDICATOR		
Remove graffiti in public spaces	Measure effectiveness through Cleaning Statistics	Monthly	See the Table and Graph below
Remove unlawful or unsightly stickers and posters from public infrastructure	Measure effectiveness through Cleaning Statistics	Monthly	See the Table and Graph below
PROVIDE A WELL-MAINTAINED PUBLIC	SPACE		
ACTION STEPS	KEY	FREQUENCY	Comments
	PERFORMANCE	per year	
	INDICATOR		
Develop an urban maintenance	Measure effectiveness	Monthly	
strategy to guide delivery from appointed service delivery provider	through Urban Maintenance Statistics		

Identify and report urban defects through collaboration with CCT	Record and Report findings to the MAITCID Board and the CCT with follow-up action where applicable	Monthly	See the Table below
	Measure effectiveness through Urban Maintenance Statistics		
Identify and plan the correction of urban defects and beautification of public infrastructure through repair, cleaning, and painting.	Measure effectiveness through Urban Maintenance Statistics	Monthly	See the Table below

MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC GREEN AREAS					
ACTION STEPS	KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATOR	FREQUENCY per year	Comments		
Mow street verges	Measure effectiveness through Urban Maintenance Statistics	Monthly	See the Table below		
Tree pruning and landscaping.	Measure effectiveness through Urban Maintenance Statistics	Monthly	See the Table below		

Туре	No Incidents Recorded
Blue Bags Used	18 155 bags used
Litter on Sidewalks and Streets	197
Litter in Parks and Open Spaces	86
De-weeding	161
Illegal Dumping of Builders Rubble	13
Illegal Dumping of Garden Waste	3
Illegal Dumping of Household Waste	50
Illegal Dumping of Mixed Waste	62
Illegal Dumping of Parks / Vagrants	9
Drain cleaning	159
Removal of Illegal Posters and Pamphlets from Public Spaces and Non-municipal Infrastructure	25
Litter Bins - Green	159
Litter Bins - Red in Parks	4
Greening, Tree Pruning and Landscaping	18

Туре	No Incidents Recorded
Collect All Rocks, Half Bricks, Concrete Pieces	38
Collect and Heap All Pieces of Wood and Other Objects	18
Graffiti Removal	28
Dead Animals	40
Rodents and Unhygienic Area	25
Ensure Litter is Collected from City	3
Ensure Litter Bins are Emptied from City	3
Urban Defects	23
Special Tasks	58
Report Vehicles and Other Accidents	3
Other	72
TOTAL	1453



Urban Maintenance Tasks

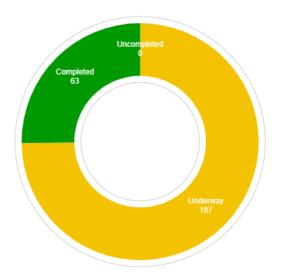
Category	Sub-Category	Underway	Completed	Total
City Parks (Maintenance)	Branch Removal (Fallen/Broken)	1	0	1
City Parks (Maintenance)	Bush clearing/weed control	1	0	1
City Parks (Maintenance)	Mowing	1	0	1
City Parks (Maintenance)	Tree removal	1	0	1
City Parks (Maintenance)	Tree trimming/pruning	3	0	3
City Parks (Maintenance) Total		7	0	7

Category	Sub-Category	Underway	Completed	Total
Electricity (Equipment damage & exposure)	Equipment damaged	4	0	4
Electricity (Equipment damage & exposure)	Equipment has been tampered with	1	0	1
Electricity (Equipment damage & exposure)	Exposed cable	6	1	7
Electricity (Equipment damage & exposure)	Kiosk damaged	2	1	3
Electricity (Equipment damage & exposure)	Pole knocked down in vehicle accident	1	1	2
Electricity (Equipment damage & exposure) Total		14	3	17
Electricity (Street lighting)	All streetlights are out	33	19	52
Electricity (Street lighting)	Individual streetlights are out	28	3	31
Electricity (Street lighting) Total		61	22	83
Law Enforcement	Illegal dumping	2	0	2
Law Enforcement Total		2	0	2
Roads and storm water (Maintenance required)	Paint or repaint road marking, lines, etc.	0	2	2
Roads and storm water (Maintenance required)	Repair a pothole	25	2	27
Roads and storm water (Maintenance required)	Repair or replace bollards, guards or handrails	0	1	1
Roads and storm water (Maintenance required)	Repair road or footway	2	0	2
Roads and storm water (Maintenance required)	Steps and staircases require repair	0	1	1

Category	Sub-Category	Underway	Completed	Total
Roads and storm water (Maintenance required)	Traffic and road signs require attention	0	1	1
Roads and storm water (Maintenance required) Total		27	7	34
Roads and stormwater (dumping)	Dumping on stormwater infrastructure	0	1	1
Roads and stormwater (dumping) Total		0	1	1
Roads and stormwater (flooding)	Flooding of road	2	0	2
Roads and stormwater (flooding) Total		2	0	2
Roads and stormwater (Illegal advertising)	Unauthorized signs or advertising in roadway	1	0	1
Roads and stormwater (Illegal advertising) Total		1	0	1
Roads and stormwater (Missing covers and grids)	Repair or replace manhole cover or grid	29	1	30
Roads and stormwater (Missing covers and grids) Total		29	1	30
Sewer	Sewer-manhole cover- stolen/missing	5	0	5
Sewer	Sewer: blocked/overflow	5	9	14
Sewer Total		10	9	19
Solid waste (Dumping, beaches and street sweeping)	Illegal dumping	1	0	1
Solid waste (Dumping, beaches and street sweeping) Total		1	0	1

Category	Sub-Category	Underway	Completed	Total
Stormwater (Blockages)	Stormwater gulley or manhole blocked	6	2	8
Stormwater (Blockages) Total		6	2	8
Traffic (Speeding, taxis, parking, etc.)	Abandoned vehicles	3	0	3
Traffic (Speeding, taxis, parking, etc.) Total		3	0	3
Traffic Signals	All traffic lights are out	1	1	2
Traffic Signals	Robot down	1	1	2
Traffic Signals	Traffic lights are flashing	0	1	1
Traffic Signals	Traffic lights are stuck	1	0	1
Traffic Signals Total		3	3	6
Transport (Buses and Taxis)	Taxi problems	1	0	1
Transport (Buses and Taxis) Total		1	0	1
Transport (Speed bumps and signage)	Traffic signage damaged	2	0	2
Transport (Speed bumps and signage) Total		2	0	2
Water	Burst pipe	3	3	6
Water	Fire hydrant: missing cover	2	0	2
Water	Leak at fire hydrant	2	1	3
Water	Leak at water meter/stopcock	2	0	2
Water	Leak at WMD meter	0	1	1
Water	Leak in road/pavement/underground	1	6	7
Water	Meter: missing cover	1	0	1
Water	Water run to waste	7	4	11
Water Total		18	15	33
TOTAL		187	63	250





- Although the MAITCID improved the cleanliness of most public environments in the area, the most challenging area remains Voortrekker Road and surrounding streets and open spaces. The large number of unpermitted informal traders makes a significant contribution to the generation of public litter and organic waste as they simply dispose of litter and unwanted fruit and vegetables in the streets and on the sidewalks.
- The MAITCID is in constant liaison with the City of Cape Town to address both the origin and the result of this problem through concerted efforts to curb unpermitted trade and formalise solid waste management for the area.

4.2.6. Resource Allocation

- In principle the MAITCID area needs a minimum compliment of 8 daily urban cleaning workers. The budget can only support 6 workers. Cleaning should also be extended to weekends, but the current budgetary constraints limit the deployment of resources. A comprehensive solid waste management audit for the area is required to ensure that businesses and households in the area meet the very basic waste management requirements of the City, otherwise the extent of illegal dumping will continue.

Actual expenditure compared with the projected expenditure for (1) the financial year <u>preceding</u> the current reporting period and (2) the financial year that is the subject-matter of this annual report (referred to below as "2021/2022")

Service/ Project		2020/2021			2021/2022	
components	Projected Expenditure	Actual	(Over)/	Projected Expenditure	Actual Expenditure	(Over)/
	Expenditure	Expenditure	Under Expenditure	Expenditure	Expenditure	Under Expenditure
Cleaning Services	R 380 000	R 379 380	R 600	R 410 400	R 410 400	-
Environmental Upgrading	R -	R -	R -	R -	R -	R -
Urban Management	R 10 000	R 9 360	R 640	R 10 800	R 10 600	R 200

4.3. SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

- 4.3.1. The social issues of the area are varied and complex and no single plan or approach will adequately address these issues. The MAITCID coordinates it's social intervention actions with the various NGO's and social improvement organisations in the area to assist in the development of a comprehensive strategy for addressing social issues in conjunction with the City of Cape Town, all relevant social welfare organisations and institutions. Social intervention and development can only be achieved by offering unemployed and/or homeless people an alternative.
- 4.3.2. Through the development of pro-active programmes to create work opportunities for homeless people certain NGOs have presented the opportunity to direct their work programmes to include cleaning and maintenance services to CIDs. These partnerships between CIDs and NGOs create a more cost-effective approach to the provision of a "top-up" service to the municipal cleaning services when large area clean-ups or specific maintenance tasks are required.
- 4.3.3. Although the intention was to deploy previously homeless people from NGOs for specific clean-up projects in the MAITCID area, this plan could not be executed in the reporting period, primarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

4.3.4. Resource Allocation

 Although the social upliftment programme for the MAITCID could not be executed as intended, several temporary job opportunities were created for cleaning and maintenance staff members recruited from the MES project.

Actual expenditure compared with the projected expenditure for (1) the financial year <u>preceding</u> the current reporting period and (2) the financial year that is the subject-matter of this annual report (referred to below as "2021/2022")

Service/ Project		2020/2021			2021/2022	
components	Projected	Actual	(Over)/	Projected	Actual	(Over)/
	Expenditure	Expenditure	Under Expenditure	Expenditure	Expenditure	Under Expenditure
Social Upliftment	R 10 000	R 9 360	R 640	R 10 800	R 9 984	R 816

PART C: CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1. APPLICATION OF KING IV

1.1. In recognition of the fact that the NPC is entrusted with public funds, particularly high standards of fiscal transparency and accountability are demanded. To this end, the NPC voluntarily subscribes to the King Code of Corporate Governance for South Africa 2016 ("King IV"), which came into effect on 1 April 2017. King IV contains a series of recommended reporting practices under the 15 voluntary governance principles.

The practices applied by the company are explained in this part (Part C), of the Annual Report. In determining which reporting practices to apply, the board took account of, among other things, the CCT's policy, and the reporting protocols appropriate to a non-profit entity such as the NPC.

1.2. Compliance with King IV for the reporting period. The board is satisfied that the NPC has complied with the applicable principles set out in King IV during the period under review, to the extent reasonably possible, are provided fully below.

2. GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

2.1. Board Composition

The Board is satisfied that the Board of the NPC is compiled by a representative group of directors representing the interests of the varied property owner groups within the MAITCID footprint.

2.2. Board Observer

In terms of the By-law, city councillors are designated as "board observers" by the Executive Mayor to conduct oversight of board functions. This oversight entails receiving board documentation and attending board meetings, with a view to ensuring that the company duly executes its statutory mandate. The Executive Mayor has appointed Cllr. Helen Jacobs as board observer.

2.3. Appointment of the board

An Annual General Meeting is held every year to review the performance of the CID and to confirm the mandate of the members. The AGM provides the opportunity to elect new directors to serve on the board of the NPC. Elected Board members take responsibility for the various portfolios in the company and regular board meetings allow the directors to review current operations and apply corrective measures as required.

2.4. Overview of the board's responsibilities

The Board oversees the day-to-day delivery of the additional services according to the Business Plan. In executing this task, the Board:

- identifying strategies to implement the NPC's business plan in a manner that ensures
 the financial viability of the company and takes adequate account of stakeholder
 interests.
- monitoring compliance with applicable legislation, codes, and standards.

- approving the annual budget.
- overseeing preparation of and approving the annual financial statements for adoption by members.
- exercising effective control of the NPC and monitoring management's implementation of the approved budget and business plan

2.5. Board charter

The board is satisfied that it has fulfilled its responsibilities under the board charter during the period under review.

2.6. <u>Director Independence</u>

During the period under review, the board formally assessed the independence of all non-executive directors, as recommended by King IV. The board has determined that all the non-executive directors, including the chairperson, are independent in terms of King IV's definition of "independence" and the guidelines provided for in principle 7.28.

2.7. Board Committees

The Board did not appoint any committees during the reporting period.

2.8. Attendance at board and committee meetings

The board convenes at least once every 2 months. An interim Board Information Pack is distributed monthly with the option to convene a special board meeting when necessary. In the period under review, physical meetings were severely disrupted due to the national lockdown and subsequently, update meetings were scheduled through video conferencing. In accordance with the MOI of the company, decisions noted during such meetings were ratified by individual email approvals after the meetings. These documents have been kept as a record of these decisions.

3. Ethical Leadership

Directors are required to maintain the highest ethical standards. To this end, the NPC has adopted a code of conduct for directors, which governs their ethical roles and responsibilities, and provides guidelines on the applicable legal, management and ethical standards.

The Code is available online at www.maitcid.co.za

Upon appointment, directors must declare in writing to the chairperson any private interests which could give rise to a potential conflict of interest. These declarations are kept in a register and are regularly updated.¹

Directors must further disclose in writing to the chairperson if any matter before the board gives rise to a potential conflict of interest. Such a director must recuse himself or herself from

¹ The code of conduct provides that the register is under the control of the chairperson and is kept confidential.

consideration and deliberation of, or voting on, the matter giving rise to the potential conflict of interest.

Transparency in personal or commercial interests ensures that directors are seen to be free of personal or business relationships that may materially interfere with their ability to act independently and in the best interests of the NPC.

The board is satisfied that the directors have complied with their duties in terms of the Code during the year under review. No changes to the directors' respective declarations were recorded which could potentially impact their independence.

PART D: FINANCIAL INFORMATION

1. Report of the External Auditor

See full report below

2. Annual Financial Statements

See full report below

(REGISTRATION NUMBER 2010/014354/08)
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

(REGISTRATION NUMBER: 2010/014354/08)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

GENERAL INFORMATION

Country of incorporation and domicile South Africa

Nature of business and principal activities District improvement

Directors ST Reznik

MGR Le Roux FPV Mthi

Registered office Pinewatch Place

Sydow & Camp Road

Maitland 7405

Business address Pinewatch Place

Sydow & Camp Road

Maitland 7405

Postal address Pinewatch Place

Sydow & Camp Road

Maitland 7405

Bankers Standard Bank Limited

Auditors C2M Chartered Accountants Incorporated

Chartered Accountants (SA)

Registered Auditors

Secretary C2M Statutory Services (Pty) Ltd

Company registration number 2010/014354/08

Tax reference number 9250/887/17/2

Level of assurance These annual financial statements have been audited in compliance with the

applicable requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa.

Preparer The annual financial statements were independently compiled by:

MD Dreyer

Professional Accountant (SA)

Issued 29 August 2022

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

INDEX

The reports and statements set out below comprise the annual financial statements presented to the shareholder:

	Page
Directors' Responsibilities and Approval	3
Directors' Report	4 - 5
Independent Auditor's Report	6 - 7
Statement of Financial Position	8
Statement of Comprehensive Income	9
Statement of Changes in Equity	10
Statement of Cash Flows	11
Accounting Policies	12 - 13
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements	14 - 15
The following supplementary information does not form part of the annual financial statements and is unaudited:	
Detailed Income Statement	16

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL

The directors are required by the Companies Act of South Africa, to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements.

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Mediumsized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the company and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the board sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the company and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the company's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the company is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the company. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the company endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the company's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2023 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the company has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the company's annual financial statements. The annual financial statements have been examined by the company's external auditors and their report is presented on page 6 - 7.

MGR Le Roux

The annual financial statements set out on pages 8 to 15, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the board on 29 August 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

ST Reznik

Bellville

29 August 2022

(REGISTRATION NUMBER: 2010/014354/08)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report on the annual financial statements of Maitland City Improvement District (NPC) for the year ended 30 June 2022.

1. Incorporation

The company was incorporated on 6 July 2010 and obtained its certificate to commence business on the same day.

2. Nature of business

Maitland City Improvement District (NPC) was incorporated in South Africa with interests in the Non-profit industry. The company operates in South Africa.

There have been no material changes to the nature of the company's business from the prior year.

3. Review of financial results and activities

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa. The accounting policies have been applied consistently compared to the prior year.

Full details of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the company are set out in these annual financial statements.

4. Insurance and risk management

The company follows a policy of reviewing the risks relating to assets and possible liabilities arising from business transactions with its insurers on an annual basis. Wherever possible assets are automatically included. There is also a continuous asset risk control program, which is carried out in conjunction with the company's insurance brokers. All risks are considered to be adequately covered, except for political risks, in the case of which as much cover as is reasonably available has been arranged.

5. Directors

The directors in office at the date of this report are as follows:

Directors	Changes

ST Reznik

MGR Le Roux Appointed 18 October 2021
FPV Mthi Appointed 13 May 2022
H Brown Resigned 18 October 2021

There have been changes to the directorate for the period under review.

6. Directors' interests in contracts

During the financial year, no contracts were entered into which directors or officers of the company had an interest and which significantly affected the business of the company.

7. Property, plant and equipment

There was no change in the nature of the property, plant and equipment of the company or in the policy regarding their use.

8. Events after the reporting period

The directors are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

(REGISTRATION NUMBER: 2010/014354/08)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT

9. Going concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

10. Auditors

C2M Chartered Accountants Incorporated continued in office as auditors for the company for 2022.

At the AGM, the shareholder will be requested to reappoint A Nel as the independent external auditors of the company and to confirm Mr A Nel as the designated lead audit partner for the 2023 financial year.

11. Secretary

The company secretary is C2M Statutory Services (Pty) Ltd.

12. Date of authorisation for issue of annual financial statements

The annual financial statements have been authorised for issue by the directors on 29 August 2022. No authority was given to anyone to amend the annual financial statements after the date of issue.

13. Liquidity and solvency

The directors performed the liquidity and solvency tests as required by the Companies Act of South Africa.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of Maitland City Improvement District (NPC)

Opinion

We have audited the annual financial statements of Maitland City Improvement District (NPC) (the company) set out on pages 8 to 15, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the annual financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the annual financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Maitland City Improvement District (NPC) as at 30 June 2022, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors' Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of annual financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the corresponding sections of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the document titled "Maitland City Improvement District (NPC) annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022", which includes the Directors' Report as required by the Companies Act of South Africa and the supplementary information as set out on page 16, which we obtained prior to the date of this report, and the Annual Report, which is expected to be made available to us after that date. The other information does not include the annual financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the annual financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the annual financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the annual financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of the Directors for the Annual Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the annual financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Accountant (SA)

Registered Auditor

Director

29 August 2022

Tygerforum B 53 Willie van Schoor Drive Tygervalley Bellville 7530

HELPING YOU Z MAKE THE RIGHT MOVE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

		2022	2021
	Note(s)	R	R
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	103 794	99 046
Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	3	21 638	26 184
Cash and cash equivalents	4	1 085 101	1 065 520
		1 106 739	1 091 704
Total Assets		1 210 533	1 190 750
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Non-Distributable Reserve		1 210 533	1 190 750
Total Equity and Liabilities		1 210 533	1 190 750

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Note(s)	2022 R	2021 R
Revenue – Additional Rates Received	6	3 751 582	3 444 800
Operating expenses		(3 763 780)	(3 455 400)
Operating (shortfall) surplus		(12 198)	(10 600)
Investment revenue	8	31 981	27 722
Surplus for the year		19 783	17 122
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		19 783	17 122

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Reserves	Retained income	Total equity
	R	R	R
Balance at 1 July 2020	1 173 628	-	1 173 628
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income	- -	17 122	17 122
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	17 122	17 122
Transfer to capital reserve	17 122	(17 122)	-
Total changes	17 122	(17 122)	-
Balance at 1 July 2021	1 190 750	-	1 190 750
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income	- -	19 783	19 783
Total comprehensive income for the year		19 783	19 783
Transfer to capital reserve	19 783	(19 783)	-
Total changes	19 783	(19 783)	-
Balance at 30 June 2022	1 210 533	-	1 210 533

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Note(s)	2022 R	2021 R
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	10	17 055	4 244
Interest received		31 981	27 722
Net cash from operating activities		49 036	31 966
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	2	(29 455)	(101 331)
Total cash movement for the year		19 581	(69 365)
Cash at the beginning of the year		1 065 520	1 134 885
Total cash at end of the year	4	1 085 101	1 065 520

(REGISTRATION NUMBER: 2010/014354/08)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

The annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities, and the Companies Act of South Africa. The annual financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in South African Rands.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

1.1 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

Management did not make critical judgements in the application of accounting policies, apart from those involving estimations, which would significantly affect the annual financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The financial statements do not include assets or liabilities whose carrying amounts were determined based on estimations for which there is a significant risk of material adjustments in the following financial year as a result of the key estimation assumptions.

1.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets which the company holds for its own use or for rental to others and which are expected to be used for more than one period.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Cost includes costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Expenditure incurred subsequently for major services, additions to or replacements of parts of property, plant and equipment are capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the company and the cost can be measured reliably. Day to day servicing costs are included in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, except for land which is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of an asset commences when the asset is available for use as intended by management. Depreciation is charged to write off the asset's carrying amount over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value, using a method that best reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the company.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life
Motor vehicles	Straight line	5 Years
IT equipment	Straight line	3 Years
CCTV cameras	Straight line	5 Years

Impairment tests are performed on property, plant and equipment when there is an indicator that they may be impaired. When the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is assessed to be higher than the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss to bring the carrying amount in line with the recoverable amount.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its continued use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item, is included in profit or loss when the item is derecognised.

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.3 Financial instruments

Initial measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at the transaction price (including transaction costs except in the initial measurement of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value through profit or loss) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction in which case it is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial instruments at amortised cost

These include loans, trade receivables and trade payables. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments which are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received or paid, unless the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction.

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of assets held in this category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence, the recoverable amount is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial instruments at cost

Equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably without undue cost or effort are measured at cost less impairment.

1.4 Tax

Tax expenses

Tax expense is recognised in the same component of total comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense.

1.5 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the lessee. All other leases are operating leases.

Operating leases - lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless:

- another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the benefit from the leased asset, even if the payments are not
 on that basis, or
- the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation (based on published indexes or statistics) to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

Any contingent rents are expensed in the period they are incurred.

1.6 Government grants

Grants that impose specified future performance conditions are recognised in income only when the performance conditions are met.

Grants received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied are recognised as a liability.

Grants are measured at the fair value of the asset received or receivable.

1.7 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

			_		2022 R	2021 R
2. Property, plant and equipm	ent					
		2022			2021	
	Cost or revaluation	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value	Cost or revaluation	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
CCTV Cameras IT equipment Motor vehicles	603 546 17 146	(499 754) (17 144)	2	574 090 17 146	(475 046) (17 144)	99 044
Total	38 000 658 692	(38 000) (554 898)	103 794	38 000 629 236	(38 000) (530 190)	99 04
Reconciliation of property, plant a	and equipment - 202	22				
CCTV Cameras IT equipment			Opening balance 99 044 2	Additions 29 455	Depreciation (24 707)	Closing balance
		•	99 046	29 455	(24 707)	103 794
Reconciliation of property, plant a	and equipment - 202	21				
			Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Closing balance
CCTV Cameras IT equipment			19 697 2	101 331	(21 984)	
IT equipment			19 697			99 044 2 99 04 6
IT equipment Details of properties Registers with details of property,			19 697 2 19 699	101 331	(21 984)	99 046
IT equipment Details of properties Registers with details of property, at the registered office of the com	pany.		19 697 2 19 699	101 331	(21 984)	99 046
IT equipment Details of properties Registers with details of property, at the registered office of the com	pany.		19 697 2 19 699	101 331	(21 984)	99 046
Details of properties Registers with details of property, at the registered office of the com Trade and other receivables Deposits	pany.		19 697 2 19 699	101 331	(21 984) ir duly authorised	99 046 d representative
Details of properties Registers with details of property, at the registered office of the com Trade and other receivables Deposits	pany.		19 697 2 19 699	101 331	4 000 17 638	99 046 d representative 4 000 22 184
Details of properties Registers with details of property, at the registered office of the com Trade and other receivables Deposits VAT	pany.		19 697 2 19 699	101 331	4 000 17 638	99 046 d representative 4 000 22 184
Details of properties Registers with details of property, at the registered office of the com Trade and other receivables Deposits VAT Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand	pany.		19 697 2 19 699	101 331	4 000 17 638	99 046 d representative 4 000 22 184 26 184
Details of properties Registers with details of property, at the registered office of the com Trade and other receivables Deposits VAT Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand	pany.		19 697 2 19 699	101 331	4 000 17 638 21 638	99 046 d representative 4 000 22 184 26 184
Details of properties Registers with details of property, at the registered office of the com Trade and other receivables Deposits VAT 4. Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents	pany.		19 697 2 19 699	101 331	4 000 17 638	99 046 d representative 4 000 22 184 26 184
Details of properties Registers with details of property, at the registered office of the com Trade and other receivables Deposits VAT Cash and cash equivalents Cash on hand	pany.		19 697 2 19 699	101 331	4 000 17 638 21 638	99 046 d representative 4 000 22 184 26 184

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2022 R	2021 R
6.	Revenue		
Revenue – Additional Rates Received		3 751 582	3 444 800
7.	Auditor's remuneration		
Audit and taxation services Secretarial services		15 730 8 690	14 200 -
		24 420	14 200
8.	Investment revenue		
	rest revenue rest received	31 981	27 722
) .	Taxation		
Лаjo	or components of the tax expense		
Reco	onciliation of the tax expense		
Acco	ounting surplus	19 783	17 122
ax a	at the applicable tax rate of 28% (2021: 28%)	5 539	4 794
	effect of adjustments on taxable income mpt income		
	mpt income	(1 050 443)	(964 544)
	-deductible expense nption under section 10(1)(e)(i)(cc)	1 044 951 (47)	959 788 (38)
		-	-
lo p	provision has been made for 2022 tax as the company is exempt under section 10(1)(e)(i)(cc) of the Income Tax Act.	
.0.	Cash generated from operations		
	olus before taxation ustments for:	19 783	17 122
	reciation and amortisation	24 707	21 984
	rest received nges in working capital:	(31 981)	(27 722)
	de and other receivables	4 546	(7 140)
		17 055	4 244

11. Going concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT

	Note(s)	2022 R	2021 R
Revenue			
Revenue – Additional Rates Received		3 751 582	3 444 800
Operating expenses			
Accounting fees		(15 900)	(15 000)
Administration and management fees		(513 600)	(484 800)
Advertising		(5 540)	(1 248)
Auditors remuneration	7	(24 420)	(14 200)
Bank charges		(1 438)	(1 666)
Cleansing		(410 400)	(379 800)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairments		(24 707)	(21 984)
Electricity & water		-	(1 264)
Insurance		(4 076)	(3 261)
Law enforcement officers		(99 880)	(99 600)
Lease rentals on operating lease		(123 600)	(104 000)
Motor vehicle expenses		(21 600)	(20 400)
Public safety		(2 485 372)	(2 283 564)
Repairs and maintenance		(873)	(14 323)
Social upliftment		(9 984)	-
Telephone and fax		(11 789)	(930)
Urban maintenance		(10 601)	(9 360)
		(3 763 780)	(3 455 400)
Operating (Shortfall) surplus		(12 198)	(10 600)
Investment income	8	31 981	27 722
Surplus for the year		19 783	17 122