(REGISTRATION NUMBER 2010/014354/08)
ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

(REGISTRATION NUMBER: 2010/014354/08)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

GENERAL INFORMATION

Country of incorporation and domicile South Africa

Nature of business and principal activities District improvement

Directors ST Reznik

MGR Le Roux FPV Mthi T Blatherwick

Registered office 185 Voortrekker Road

Maitland 7405

Business address 185 Voortrekker Road

Maitland 7405

Postal address 185 Voortrekker Road

Maitland 7405

Bankers Standard Bank Limited

Auditors C2M Chartered Accountants Incorporated

Registered Auditors IRBA No. 958662

Company registration number 2010/014354/08

Tax reference number 9250/887/17/2

Level of assuranceThese annual financial statements have been audited in compliance with the

applicable requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa.

Preparer The annual financial statements were independently compiled by:

MD Dreyer

Professional Accountant (SA)

Issued 21 August 2025

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL

The directors are required by the Companies Act of South Africa, to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements.

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Mediumsized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the company and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the directors set standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the company and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the company's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the company is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the company. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the company endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the annual financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the company's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2026 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the company has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the company's annual financial statements. The annual financial statements have been examined by the company's external auditors and their report is presented on page 5 to 6.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 7 to 16, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the directors on 31 July 2025 and were signed on its behalf by:

ST Reznik

MGR Le Roux

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report on the annual financial statements of Maitland City Improvement District (NPC) for the year ended 30 June 2025.

1. Business activities

The company provides supplementary public safety, cleansing, maintenance services, environmental development, social development and communications in the Beaconvale area.

There have been no material changes to the nature of the company's business from the prior year.

2. Review of financial results and activities

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS for SMEs Accounting Standard and the requirements of the Companies Act 71 of 2008.

During the year under review the company operated independently of any shared services. The main business and operations of the company during the year under review has continued as in the past year and we have nothing further to report thereon.

The financial statements adequately reflect the results of the operations of the company for the year under review and no further explanations are considered necessary.

3. Directors

The directors in office at the date of this report are as follows:

Directors Changes

ST Reznik MGR Le Roux FPV Mthi

T Blatherwick Appointed Wednesday, 16

October 2024

In terms of the Memorandum of Incorporation, Mr Blatherwick was appointed as a director during the financial year under review.

4. Events after the reporting period

There have been no facts or circumstances of a material nature that have occurred between the reporting date and the date of this report that have a material impact on the financial position of the company at the reporting date.

5. Going concern

The directors believe that the company has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have satisfied themselves that the company is in a sound financial position and that it has access to sufficient borrowing facilities to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The directors are not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the company. The directors are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the company.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of Maitland City Improvement District (NPC)

Opinion

We have audited the annual financial statements of Maitland City Improvement District (NPC) (the company) set out on pages 7 to 16, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the annual financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the annual financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Maitland City Improvement District (NPC) as at 30 June 2025, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors' Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of annual financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the corresponding sections of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the document titled "Maitland City Improvement District (NPC) annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2025", which includes the Directors' Report as required by the Companies Act of South Africa and the supplementary information as set out on page 17. The other information does not include the annual financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the annual financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the annual financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the annual financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of the Directors for the Annual Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the annual financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

R Ariefdien

Chartered Accountant (SA)

Registered Auditor

Director

Tygerform B 53 Willie van Schoor Drive Tygervalley Belliville 7530

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2025

Figures in Rand	Notes	2025	2024
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	326 162	143 792
Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	3	58 844	31 890
Cash and cash equivalents	4	2 514 957	2 199 082
		2 573 801	2 230 972
Total Assets		2 899 963	2 374 764
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Non-Distributable Reserve	5	2 464 662	2 352 893
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	6	386 193	-
Current tax payable	7	49 108	21 871
		435 301	21 871
Total Equity and Liabilities		2 899 963	2 374 764

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Figures in Rand	Notes	2025	2024
Revenue	8	4 865 928	4 836 949
Expenditure	· ·	(4 878 962)	(4 390 599)
Surplus/Deficit from operations		(13 034)	446 350
Finance income	10	152 040	131 936
(Deficit) / surplus before taxation		139 006	578 286
Taxation	11	(27 237)	(32 446)
(Deficit) / surplus for the year		111 769	545 840
Other comprehensive income		-	-
Total comprehensive (deficit) / surplus for the year		111 769	545 840

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Figures in Rand	Other NDR	Accumulated surplus	Total equity
Balance at 01 July 2023	1 807 052	-	1 807 052
Surplus for the year Other comprehensive income	- - -	545 840	545 840
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	545 840	545 840
Transfer between reserves	545 841	(545 840)	1
Total changes	545 841	(545 840)	1
Balance at 01 July 2024	2 352 893	-	2 352 893
Surplus/ Deficit for the year Other comprehensive income	- - -	111 769	111 769
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	111 769	111 769
Transfer between reserves	111 769	(111 769)	-
Total changes	111 769	(111 769)	-
Balance at 30 June 2025	2 464 662	-	2 464 662
Note	5		

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Figures in Rand	Notes	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from customers		4 838 975	4 829 414
Cash paid to suppliers and employees		(4 442 271)	(4 356 413)
Cash used in operations	12	396 704	473 001
Finance income		152 040	131 936
Tax paid	13	-	(10 575)
Net cash from operating activities		548 744	594 362
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of plant and equipment	2	(232 868)	(100 340)
Total cash movement for the year		315 876	494 022
Cash at the beginning of the year		2 199 082	1 705 060
Total cash at end of the year	4	2 514 958	2 199 082

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

The annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities, and the Companies Act of South Africa. The annual financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for biological assets at fair value less point of sale costs, and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in South African Rands.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

1.1 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

Management did not make critical judgements in the application of accounting policies, apart from those involving estimations, which would significantly affect the annual financial statements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The financial statements do not include assets or liabilities whose carrying amounts were determined based on estimations for which there is a significant risk of material adjustments in the following financial year as a result of the key estimation assumptions.

1.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets which the company holds for its own use or for rental to others and which are expected to be used for more than one period.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Cost includes costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Expenditure incurred subsequently for major services, additions to or replacements of parts of property, plant and equipment are capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the company and the cost can be measured reliably. Day to day servicing costs are included in surplus or shortfall in the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, except for land which is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of an asset commences when the asset is available for use as intended by management. Depreciation is charged to write off the asset's carrying amount over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value, using a method that best reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the company.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life
CCTV cameras	Straight line	5 years
Fencing	Straight line	10 years
Motor vehicles	Straight line	5 years
Office equipment	Straight line	5 years

When indicators are present that the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment have changed since the most recent annual reporting date, they are reassessed. Any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

Impairment tests are performed on property, plant and equipment when there is an indicator that they may be impaired. When the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is assessed to be higher than the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or shortfall to bring the carrying amount in line with the recoverable amount.

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.2 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its continued use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item, is included in surplus or shortfall when the item is derecognised.

1.3 Financial instruments

Initial measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at the transaction price (including transaction costs except in the initial measurement of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value through surplus or shortfall) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction in which case it is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial instruments at amortised cost

These include loans, trade receivables and trade payables. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments which are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received or paid, unless the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction.

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of assets held in this category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence, the recoverable amount is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or shortfall.

1.4 Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities

Current tax for current and prior periods is, to the extent unpaid, recognised as a liability. If the amount already paid in respect of current and prior periods exceeds the amount due for those periods, the excess is recognised as an asset.

The tax liability reflects the effect of the possible outcomes of a review by the tax authorities.

Tax expenses

Tax expense is recognised in the same component of total comprehensive income or equity as the transaction or other event that resulted in the tax expense. The NPC meets the criteria for the exemption under section 10(1)(e)(i)(cc) of the Tax Act.

1.5 Impairment of assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment may be impaired.

If there is any such indication, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets) is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or shortfall.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or group of assets) in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in surplus or shortfall.

1.6 Government grants

Grants that impose specified future performance conditions are recognised in income only when the performance conditions are met.

Grants received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied are recognised as a liability.

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.6 Government grants (continued)

Grants are measured at the fair value of the asset received or receivable.

1.7 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

1.8 Revenue

Revenue comprises revenue income from ratepayers which is collected by the City of Cape Town on the entity's behalf, net of retention revenue retained.

1.9 Finance income

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested. Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method.

1.10 Unauthorised, irregular and fruitless and wasteful Expenditure

Unauthorised, irregular and fruitless and wasteful Expenditure is accounted for as an expense in the statement of financial performance classified in accordance with the nature of the expense. Where recovered it is subsequently accounted for as other income.

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Figures in Rand

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		2025			2024	
	Cost or revaluation	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Carrying value	Cost or revaluation	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Carrying value
CCTV Cameras	936 754	, ,	326 160	703 886	(560 096)	143 790
Motor vehicles IT equipment	38 000 17 146	(2	38 000 17 146	(38 000) (17 144)	2
Total	991 900		326 162	759 032		143 792
Reconciliation of property, plant a	nd equipment - 20	25				
CCTV Cameras			Opening balance 143 790	Additions 232 868	Depreciation (50 498)	Closing balance 326 160
IT equipment		-	2 143 792	232 868		326 162
Reconciliation of property, plant a	nd equipment - 20	-)24				
			Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Closing balance
CCTV Cameras IT equipment			77 635 2	100 340		143 790
		-	77 637	100 340	(34 185)	143 792
3. Trade and other receivables						
Deposits Trade receivables					4 000	4 000 17 193
VAT					54 844	10 697
					58 844	31 890
4. Cash and cash equivalents						
Cash and cash equivalents consist of	of:					
Bank balances					2 514 957	2 199 082
5. Other NDR						
Non-distributable reserves					2 464 662	2 352 893
6. Trade and other payables						
					386 193	-
6. Trade and other payablesAccounts Payable7. Current tax receivable (payable)	ble)			_	386 193	-

2025

2024

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Figures in Rand	2025	2024
8. Revenue		
6. Nevenue		
Revenue - Additional Rates Received	4 780 723	4 443 051
Revenue - Additional Rates Retention Received	85 205	393 434
Revenue - Additional Rates Other Received	- -	464
	4 865 928	4 836 949
9. Auditor's remuneration		
Fees	17 340	15 415
10. Investment income		
Interest income		
Other interest	152 040	131 936
11. Taxation		
Major components of the tax expense		
Current taxation		
South African normal tax - year	27 237	21 871
South African normal tax - prior period (over) under provision	-	10 575
	27 237	32 446
Reconciliation of the tax expense		
Accounting surplus	139 006	578 286
Tax at the applicable tax rate of 27% (2024: 27%)	37 532	156 137
Tax effect of adjustments on taxable income		
Exempt income		
Exempt income	- (43.500)	(120 766)
Exemption under section 10(1)(e)(i)(cc) Non-deductible expenses	(13 500)	(13 500)
Non-deductible expenses	3 205	-
·	27 237	21 871

Non provision of tax

The entity is subject to tax at 27% on the net investment income in excess of R50 000, in terms of section 10(1)(e)(i)(cc) of the Income Tax Act.

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Figures in Rand	2025	2024
12. Cash generated from operations		
Net surplus before taxation	139 006	578 288
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation, amortisation, impairments and reversals of impairments	50 498	34 185
Investment income	(152 040)	(131 936)
Changes in working capital:		
(Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	(26 953)	(7 535)
Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	386 193	-
	396 704	473 002
13. Tax paid		
Balance at beginning of the year	(21 871)	-
Current tax for the year recognised in surplus or shortfall	(27 237)	(32 446)
Balance at end of the year	49 108	21 871
	-	(10 575)

14. Related parties

Relationships Related parties

Geocentric Urban Management (Pty) Ltd Geocentric Public Safety (Pty) Ltd Salt River Business Improvement District NPC

Amounts received from the City of Cape Town

Related party transactions

Amounts received from the City of Cape Town

Revenue services rendered	4 780 723	4 443 051
Revenue retention refunded	85 205	393 434

15. Going concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

16. Fruitless, unauthorised, irregular and wasteful expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure refers to any spending by the CID that doesn't comply with its approved budget or relevant regulations. This includes overspending, using funds for purposes other than those originally approved. No such expenditure was identified.

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

DETAILED INCOME STATEMENT

Revenue - Additional Rates Received 4 780 723 4 443 051 Revenue - Additional Rates Retention Received 52 05 393 434 Revenue - Additional Rates Other Received 8 4 865 928 4836 949 Operating expenses Accounting fees (18 960) (17 865) Administration and management fees (612 250) (577 200) Advertising 9 (17 340) (15 741) Bank charges (2 049) (1 808) CCTV Battery Backup (21 980) (54 950) CCTV Battery Backup (21 980) (54 950) Cleansing services (50 498) (43 188) Depreciation (50 498) (43 185) Depreciation (2 230) (9 306)	Figures in Rand	Notes	2025	2024
Revenue - Additional Rates Retention Received 85 205 393 434 Revenue - Additional Rates Other Received 464 464 Revenue - Additional Rates Other Received 8 4865 928 4836 949 Operating expenses 8 4865 928 4836 949 Accounting fees (18 960) (17 865) (577 200) Addinistration and management fees (612 250) (577 200) Advertising (9 464) (5 740) Additors remuneration 9 (17 340) (15 415) Bank charges (20 499) (18 080) (54 950) CCTV Battery Backup (21 980) (54 950) (54 950) CLI assing services (512 250) (473 188) 65 49 500 CLI assing services (51 900) (54 950) (473 188) 65 49 500 (473 188) 65 12 250 (473 188) 65 12 250 (473 188) 65 12 250 (473 188) 65 12 250 (473 188) 65 12 250 (473 188) 65 12 250 (473 188) 65 12 250 (473 188) 65 12 250 (473 188) 65 12 250	Revenue			
Revenue - Additional Rates Other Received 6 464 486 949 468 949 Operating expenses Common Programment Res (18 960) (17 865) Addinistration and management fees (612 250) (577 200) Advertising (9 464) (5 740) Additors remuneration 9 (17 340) (15 415) Bank charges (2 049) (1 808) (54 950) CCTV Battery Backup (21 980) (54 950) (54 950) Cleansing services (50 498) (34 185) (50 988) (34 185) Depreciation (50 498) (34 185) (512 250) (473 188) (9 200) (9 306) (19 306) (19 306) (19 306) (19 306) (19 306) (19 306) (12 804) (12 804) (12 804) (12 804) (12 804) (12 804) (12 804) (12 804) (12 804) (12 804) (10 83) (2 72 152) (2 93 880) (2 72 152) (2 93 880) (2 72 25 152) (2 93 880) (2 72 25 152) (2 804) (2 804) (2 804) (2 804) (2 804) </td <td>Revenue - Additional Rates Received</td> <td></td> <td>4 780 723</td> <td>4 443 051</td>	Revenue - Additional Rates Received		4 780 723	4 443 051
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Investment income 10 152 040 131 936 Surplus before taxation 139 006 578 286 Taxation 11 (27 237) (32 446)			(4 878 962)	(4 390 599)
Surplus before taxation 139 006 578 286 Taxation 11 (27 237) (32 446)	Operating surplus/deficit		(13 034)	446 350
Taxation 11 (27 237) (32 446)	Investment income	10	152 040	131 936
(27 257)	Surplus before taxation		139 006	578 286
Surplus for the year 111 769 545 840	Taxation	11	(27 237)	(32 446)
	Surplus for the year		111 769	545 840